

# EVOQUA WATER TECHNOLOGIES LLC

**Lyons, GA WWTP Upgrade**  
**DAVCO BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT SYSTEMS**  
**PRELIMINARY DESIGN SUMMARY**  
 March 24, 2016

Rev No: 0  
 Prep By: Mike Bennett  
 Proposal #: 120142-A05B

## I. DESIGN BASIS:

Total Design Flow: 1.100 MGD  
 Design Flow/FETP (Q): 1.100 MGD

Peaking Factor: 2.0

Total Peak Flow: 2.200 MGD  
 Peak Flow/FETP: 2.200 MGD

	Influent	
	Conc. (mg/L)	Load/FETP (lbs/day)
BOD	350	3,211
TSS	350	3,211
NH3-N	30	275
TKN	45	413
NO3-N	--	--
TP	10	92

	Secondary Clarifier Effluent	
	Conc. (mg/L)	Expected (mg/L)
CBOD	20.0	< 20.0
TSS	20.0	< 20.0
NH3-N	1.0	< 1.0
TN	3.0	< 3.0 *
NO3-N		not req'd
TP	1.0	< 1.0 *

\* Chemical addition and/or filtration may be required.

Maximum Water Temperature: 25 °C 77 °F  
 Minimum Water Temperature: 15 °C 59 °F  
 Site Elevation: 180 ft. MSL

Use NO3 or TN for design? TN  
 Effluent N Conc. for Design: 3.0 mg/L

## II. PROCESS ASSUMPTIONS & VARIABLES:

Influent VSS Fraction: 80%      Design DO Conc: 2.0 mg/L      Max Water Level (Bio): 19.000 ft  
 Design MLSS: 3,500 mg/L      RAS Rate, %Q: 50%      Freeboard (Bio): 1.500 ft  
 % MLVSS: 75%      Anoxic Recycle Ratio to Q: 3  
 Design MLVSS: 2,625 mg/L      Anoxic DO: 0.1 mg/L  
 Biosolids Yield Factor: 0.65 lbsVSS/lbsBOD

Recommended Clarifier Hydraulic Loading: 1,000 gpd/ft<sup>2</sup> (at Peak flow)

## III. PROCESS DESIGN PARAMETERS:

<b>Anaerobic Basin</b> 30.0 °			
Number of Anaerobic Basins:	3	Anaerobic Volume per Basin:	47,988 gallons
Total Anaerobic Volume:	143,964 gallons	Total Anaerobic HRT:	3.1 hours @ Q
<b>Pre-Anoxic Basin</b> 38.0 °			
Number of Pre-Anoxic Basins:	2	Pre-Anoxic Volume per Basin:	91,176 gallons
Pre-Anoxic Volume:	182,352 gallons	Pre-Anoxic HRT:	4.0 hours @ Q
<b>Aeration Basin</b> 218.0 °			
Number of Aeration Basins:	1	Aerobic Volume per Basin:	1,046,130 gallons
Total Aerobic Volume:	1,046,130 gallons	AOR:	5,053 lbs. O <sub>2</sub> /day
Aerobic SRT:	11.6 days	SOR:	13,232 lbs. O <sub>2</sub> /day*
Aerobic HRT:	22.8 hours @ Q	Air Flow Required:	1,631 SCFM*
BOD Loading:	23.0 lbs BOD/1000cf/day	Aeration Diffuser Type:	Fine Bubble
Aerobic F/M:	0.140 lbs BOD/lbs MLVSS	*Diffuser supplier to confirm SOR/SCFM values at final design	
<b>Post-Anoxic Basin</b> 74.0 °			
Number of Post-Anoxic Basins:	1	Post-Anoxic HRT:	6.96 hours @ Q
Total Post-Anoxic Volume:	319,118 gallons		
Post-Anoxic Volume per Basin:	319,118 gallons		
<b>Re-Aeration Basin</b>			
Number of Re-Aeration Basins:	1	Re-Aeration Volume per Basin:	35,991 gallons
Re-Aeration Volume:	35,991 gallons	Air Flow Required:	145 SCFM*
Re-Aeration HRT:	0.7852582 hours @ Q	*Assumes 30 SCFM/1000 cuf & coarse bubble	
<b>Secondary Clarifier</b>			
Clarifier Diameter:	62.00 feet	Surface Overflow Rate:	364 gpd/ft <sup>2</sup> (avg)
Sludge Production:	2,537 lbs/day		729 gpd/ft <sup>2</sup> (peak)
Clarifier Surface Area:	3,019.1 ft <sup>2</sup>	Solids Loading Rate:	16 lb/day/ft <sup>2</sup> (avg)
Total Clarifier Volume:	362,170 gallons		32 lb/day/ft <sup>2</sup> (peak)
<b>Tank Sizing &amp; Air Flow</b>			
Plant O.W. Diameter:	139.00 feet	Total SCFM Required*:	1,776 SCFM
Plant I.W. Diameter:	62.00 feet	*Excluding Airlifts 74 SCFM	
Bulkhead Length:	38.50 feet	Total SCFM w/ Airlifts	1,850 SCFM
Total Bio Process (no EQ) Volume:	1.728 MG		

Note: In order to guarantee the process, all values for Design Basis, Process Assumptions and Process Parameters must be verified by Owner/Consultant prior to final design.

# EVOQUA WATER TECHNOLOGIES LLC

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## Lyons, GA WWTP Upgrade DAVCO BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT SYSTEMS DESIGN CALCULATIONS

March 24, 2016

### I. DESIGN BASIS:

Total Design Flow: 1.100 MGD      Peaking Factor: 2.00      Total Peak Flow: 2.200 MGD  
 Design Flow (Q): 1.100 MGD      Peak Flow (Q<sub>pt</sub>): 2.200 MGD

Influent		Secondary Clarifier Effluent
BOD <sub>in</sub> = 350 mg/L	BOD <sub>#</sub> = 3211 lb/day	CBOD <sub>ef</sub> = < 20.0 mg/L
TSS <sub>in</sub> = 350 mg/L	TSS <sub>#</sub> = 3211 lb/day	TSS <sub>ef</sub> = < 20.0 mg/L
NH <sub>3</sub> -N <sub>in</sub> = 30.0 mg/L	NH <sub>3</sub> -N <sub>#</sub> = 275 lb/day	NH <sub>3</sub> -N <sub>ef</sub> = < 1.0 mg/L
TKN <sub>in</sub> = 45.0 mg/L	TKN <sub>#</sub> = 413 lb/day	TN <sub>ef</sub> = < 3.0 mg/L
NO <sub>3</sub> -N <sub>in</sub> = --	NO <sub>3</sub> -N <sub>#</sub> = --	NO <sub>3</sub> -N <sub>ef</sub> = Not Required
TP <sub>in</sub> = 10 mg/L	TP <sub>#</sub> = 92 lb/day	TP <sub>ef</sub> = < 1.0 mg/L
Maximum Temperature: 25 °C	77 °F	Site Elevation: 180 ft. MSL
Minimum Temperature: 15 °C	59 °F	

### II. PROCESS ASSUMPTIONS

- \* All design characteristics, assumptions and calculations shall be verified by Client/Consulting Engineer prior to final design.
- \* The Influent will be free from grit, trash and large objects by an upstream headwork structure (by others).
- \* The Influent is defined as the raw sewage plus any sidestreams, such as sludge dewatering or plant drains, but before RAS or internal recycle.
- \* Sufficient nutrients (e.g., N and P) and alkalinity shall be available from influent or supplied by others to support adequate biological conditions
- \* No inhibitory/toxic compounds or conditions that may be detrimental to adequate biological conditions are present.
- \* The entire influent BOD is available for utilization as food.
- \* Air calculations shall be verified by diffuser manufacturer prior to final design.
- \* Sufficient readily biodegradable (soluble) COD (or volatile fatty acids) and magnesium, potassium, and calcium are present in the Influent.
- \* Minimal levels of DO (< 0.5 mg/L) and nitrate enter the anaerobic zone.
- \* Sludge is NOT held under anaerobic conditions causing phosphorus release.
- \* Stand-by chemical feed is strongly recommended for Effluent TP ≤ 1.0 mg/L; provided by Others.
- \* Tertiary Filtration is typically required for Effluent TP ≤ 1.0 mg/L.
- \* The TKN in the influent is 94% hydrolyzed to ammonia in the aeration tank and ammonia is 100% nitrified.
- \* The Influent Total Refractory Organic Nitrogen concentration is < 1.5 mg/L.
- \* Nitrate concentration in the RAS stream is same as that in the Effluent.
- \* The influent BOD/TKN ratio is ≥ 6.
- \* Post-Anoxic denitrification is achieved endogenously, no external carbon source is used.
- \* Stand-by supplemental carbon feed for Post-Anoxic is recommended; provided by Others.

### III. PROCESS VARIABLES:

Influent VSS Fraction "VSS":	80%	Design DO Conc:	2.0 mg/L
Design MLSS:	3,500 mg/L	RAS Rate, 'R' as % Q:	50%
% MLVSS:	75%	Anoxic Recycle Ratio 'IR' to Q:	3
Design MLVSS:	2,625 mg/L	Anoxic Recycle DO:	0.1 mg/L
Biosolids Yield Factor "Y":	0.65 lbsVSS/lbsBOD/d	Max Water Level:	19 ft.
Suggested Clarifier Hydraulic Loading:	1,000 gdp/ft <sup>2</sup> (peak - design)	Diffuser Elevation:	1 ft.

### IV. PROCESS DESIGN CALCULATIONS:

#### Anaerobic Basin Volume

The flow into the Anaerobic Selector/Zone (Q<sub>an</sub>) = Influent Flow (Q) = 1.100 MGD  
 Therefore, Q<sub>an</sub> = 45,833 gallons/hour  
 The design HRT for the Anaerobic Zone = 3.1 hours  
 Therefore, the Total Anaerobic Selector/Zone Volume = 143,964 gallons

#### Pre-Anoxic Basin Volume

Assuming 94% influent TKN will be hydrolyzed to ammonia, then 100% nitrified.  
 Thus, the potential nitrate-N concentration, NO<sub>x</sub> = TKN<sub>in</sub> \* 0.94 = 42.3 mg/L  
 The Mixed Liquor Recycle Stream Nitrate-N concentration, N<sub>ir</sub> = NO<sub>x</sub> / (1+R+IR) = 9.4 mg/L

Reference: Metcalf & Eddy, 4th ed., Eq 8-48

The Mixed Liquor Recycle Stream Flow Q<sub>r</sub> = Q \* IR = 3.30 MGD  
 Note: In order to guarantee the process, all values for Design Basis, Process Assumptions and Process Parameters must be verified by Owner/Consultant prior to final design.

The Nitrate-N Load to the Pre-Anoxic Zone  $N_{in1} = (N_{ir} * Q_{ir}) + (N_{ef} * Q_{ras}) * 8.34 = 272.5$  lbs/day  
 Assuming WAS contains 6% N, then the amount of N removed in WAS,  $N_{was} = (BOD_{in} - BOD_{ef}) * Y * Q * 0.06 = 118.1$  lbs/day  
 Therefore, the N to be denitrified in the Pre-Anoxic Zone  $N_{dn1} = N_{in1} - N_{was} = 154.4$  lbs/day  
 Typical specific denitrification rate using wastewater as carbon source,  $U_{dn} = 0.100$  lbsNO<sub>3</sub>-N/lbsMLVSS/day

Reference: Metcalf & Eddy, 3rd ed., Table 11-19

The Overall Denitrification Rate in the Pre-Anoxic Zone, corrected for temperature and DO,  $ODNR_{pre} = 0.058$  lbsNO<sub>3</sub>-N/lbsMLVSS/day  
 Where  $ODNR_{pre} = (U_{dn} * 1.09^{(1-T/20)}) * (1-DO)$

Reference: Metcalf & Eddy, 3rd ed., Eq 11-6

Therefore, the Recommended Pre-Anoxic Volume,  $V_{anx1r} = N_{dn1} / (ODNR_{pre} * MLVSS * 8.34) = 120,570$  gallons

Reference: Metcalf & Eddy, 4th ed., Eq 8-41

Total Design Pre-Anoxic Volume,  $V_{anx1} = V_{anx1r} * SF = 182,352$  gallons

Where Safety Factor (SF) = 1.512

At Average Daily Flow, the Pre-Anoxic HRT = 4.0 hours

### Aerobic Basin Volume

The Specific Growth Rate of Nitrifiers,  $U_n = (U_{nmax} * NH_3_e) / (K_n + NH_3_e) * (DO / (K_o + DO)) - k_d = 0.206$  days<sup>-1</sup>

Reference: Metcalf & Eddy, 4th ed., Eq 7-93

Given the temperature corrected constants of:

$U_{nmax} = 0.535$

$K_n = 0.572$

$K_o = 0.500$

$k_d = 0.066$

Reference: Metcalf & Eddy, 4th ed., Table 8-11

The Minimum Aerobic Solids Retention Time,  $SRT_{min} = 1 / U_n = 4.84$  days

The Design Aerobic Solids Retention Time,  $SRT = SRT_{min} * SF = 11.64$  days

Where SF = Safety Factor = 2.40

Reference: Metcalf & Eddy, 4th ed., Eq 7-37 & Eq 7-71

Biomass Formed,  $dX_v = (BOD_{in} - BOD_{ef}) * Y * Q = 1,968$  lbs/day

The required aerobic biomass inventory,  $MLVSS_{#} = dX_v * SRT = 22,902$  lbs

The total aerobic volume required  $V_{ao} = MLVSS_{#} / (MLVSS * 8.34) = 1,046,130$  gallons

At Average Daily Flow, the Aerobic HRT = 22.8 hours

### Aerobic Basin Air Calcs

Oxygen required for BOD oxidation = 1.25 lbs O<sub>2</sub>/lbs BOD

Oxygen required for TKN oxidation = 4.60 lbs O<sub>2</sub>/lbs TKN

Oxygen credit for Denitrification = 2.86 lbs O<sub>2</sub>/lbs NO<sub>3</sub>-N

Actual Oxygen Required,  $AOR = (BOD_{#} * 1.25) + (TKN_{#} * 4.6) - (NO_3-N_{#} * 2.86) = 5,053$  lbs O<sub>2</sub>/day

Standard Oxygen Rate,  $SOR = \frac{AOR * C_s}{a * (\beta C_{sd} - DO) * \theta^{(T-20)}} = 13,232$  lbs O<sub>2</sub>/day  
 551 lbs O<sub>2</sub>/hr

Where:

$C_s = DO$  Saturation conc at Standard Conditions = 11.10

$a =$  Mass Transfer Correction Factor = 0.50

$\beta =$  Wastewater Conversion Factor = 0.95

$C_{sd} = DO$  Saturation conc corrected for Temp & Elevation = 10.03

$\theta =$  Oxygen Transfer Coefficient = 1.024

$T =$  Maximum Design Temperature = 25 °C

$DO =$  Design residual dissolved oxygen concentration = 2.0

Reference: Metcalf & Eddy, 4th ed., Equation 5-55

$SCFM = (SOR * C_d) / \%Eff = 1,631$  SCFM

Where  $C_d = (1 \text{ hr}/60 \text{ min}) * (1 \text{ mol O}_2/32 \text{ lbs O}_2) * (100 \text{ mol Air}/21 \text{ mol O}_2) * (385 \text{ cuft Air}/\text{mol Air}) = 0.955$

Where Fine Bubble %Eff = (Max SWD - Diffuser Elevation) \* 1.8 = 32.40 %

### Post-Anoxic Basin Volume

The Nitrate-N Load to the Post-Anoxic Zone  $N_{in2} = N_{ir} * (Q + Q_{ras}) * 8.34 = 129$  lbs/day

The Nitrate-N Load Leaving in the Effluent  $N_{eff} = N_{ef} * Q * 8.34 = 28$  lbs/day

N to be denitrified in the Post-Anoxic Zone  $N_{dn2} = N_{in2} - N_{eff} = 102$  lbs/day

Typical denitrification rate using Endogenous carbon source,  $U_{dnpst} = 0.050$  lbsNO<sub>3</sub>-N/lbsMLVSS/day

Reference: Metcalf & Eddy, 3rd ed., Table 11-19

The Overall Denitrification Rate in the Post-Anoxic Zone, corrected for temperature and DO,  $ODNR_{pst} = 0.029$  lbsNO<sub>3</sub>-N/lbsMLVSS/day

Where  $ODNR_{pst} = (U_{dnpst} * 1.09^{(1-T/20)}) * (1-DO)$

Reference: Metcalf & Eddy, 3rd ed., Eq 11-6

Therefore, the Recommended Post-Anoxic Volume,  $V_{anx2r} = N_{dn2} / (ODNR_{pst} * MLVSS * 8.34) = 159,040$  gallons

Reference: Metcalf & Eddy, 3rd ed., Eq 8-45

Total Design Post-Anoxic Volume,  $V_{anx2} = V_{anx2r} * SF = 319,118$  gallons

Note: In order to guarantee the process, all values for Design Basis, Process Assumptions and Process Parameters must be verified by Owner/Consultant prior to final design.

Where Safety Factor (SF) = 2.007  
At Average Daily Flow, the Post-Anoxic HRT = 7.0 hours